

Semi-Weekly Interior Journal.

VOL. XIV.

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Semi-Weekly Interior Journal

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—AT—
\$2 PER ANNUM, CASH.

understood if we credit that \$1.50 will be as-
pected and demanded.

W. P. WALTON.

The Kentucky Congressmen.

It is reported here that the Kentucky brush is full of patriots with Congressional aspirations. Gentlemen from that land say that they will be hot old times in the First, Second, Ninth, Tenth and Eleventh districts. Mr. Stone's sin of omission has been his failure to get any of the White House perimmons for the hungry demo- crats of the Gibraltar district. This de- plorable sin is not due to any inactivity or zeal on the part of Mr. Stone, but rather to his inexperience in handling the pole which knocks the golden fruit. Polk's last four's greatest enemies are the friends of Jim Clay. They charge that while Jim, a member of the last Congress, was here doing all manner of good things for his constituents, Polk was running over the Second district and tearing down the fences which Clay had built for the protection of his interests. Clay was quite popu- lar in Washington and great interest is felt in his welfare.

Each of the fourteen counties in the Ninth district, it is said, has not less than one democrat who is nearly crazy to suc- ceed Wadsworth, of Mason. He is a man of influence, and would be of great value to his people—if it Blaine had been elected. As it is, the 1,000 democrats of the Ninth are crying in the wilderness for a Moses who can lead them to a land of milk and honey.

The 15,000 democrats in the Tenth, like the 15,000 democrats in the First, are weary of appealing for office and getting nothing for their pains. Taulbee is perhaps a large fish in the mountain; but in the House collection of whales, there is a minnow. He has sense enough; that don't count for much in this vicinity—experi- ence; a knowledge of knowing how to catch on and to hang to it is the missing ingredi- ent in Taulbee's composition.

Frank Wadford is the thickest spot in the Kentucky delegation. He has a hobby; it is on the subject of pensions, and when he gets to going there is a scattering in the House. His bill providing for arti- ficial limbs for maimed Confederates is looked upon as the garriest fancy of an old man. He is harmless and but very little attention is paid to his statesman- like efforts. The eleven counties which the General represents have nothing to show for their val in the cause of reform. The republican rascals holding office in Kentucky have taken a walk, but Wadford failed to secure one of the munities which they left behind.

In the matter of securing soft places for friends McCreary, Willis and Robertson are the men who understand how 'tis done. It's a cold day when these angels don't catch fish. Carlisle and Hissell confine their at- tention to the offices in their districts, but the gentlemen first named reach out in be- half of other worlds. O the Senators, Beck is the Barkis, always willing to help a friend; but then he don't worry himself for fear of hurting the feelings of some one who can aid him in his future aspirations. Jo Blackburn and Cleveland don't work in double harness, so he is without influence at that place where influence counts.—[Wash. Cor. Louisville Commercial.]

A bright-eyed little girl of nine years-
got on board a Kansas Pacific train, bound
for Denver. She had never before been out-
side the limits of her Eastern home, and
manifested unusual interest in all she saw.
The wide plains and the prairie dogs inter-
ested her, but she was most anxious to see
a genuine specimen of that purely West-
ern product—a cowboy. The train was
waiting at a station in Kansas when the
longest for cowboy appeared. He was a
typical specimen—wide shoulders, leather
breeches, red blanket shirt, a belt filled with
knives and pistols, and a desperate-looking
character generally.

"There is a cowboy for you," whispered
a gentleman to the little girl.
"What's that?" she asked in untainted
surprise and evident disappointment. "Why,
I always thought a cowboy was part boy
and part cow."

Alonso Douglas, a ripe scholar, an ac-
complished musician and an excellent
painter, died last week in Louisville, aged
seventy-one. For nearly half a century
and until less than a year ago, he was a
slave to opium. At the age of seventy
years he was able to conquer the almost
insatiable appetite, and lived the remain-
ing short interval of his life unaided by the
drug which had soled him for so many
years. For many years his customary al-
lowance was three or four ounces of gum
opium a day, and he has been known to
drink as much as a gallon of paragon in
twenty-four hours.

Frank Carpenter, who was a lieutenant
in the Eighth Vermont Regiment, cher-
ishes carefully the copies of the Richmond
Enquirer of 1864. He was then a prisoner
in Libby Prison, and was a subscriber to
the Enquirer, paying \$2 for a three month's
subscription. He paid \$5 for the insertion
of a personal, which was copied in New
York, and then he was in the hands of the

GEO. O. BARNES.

"Praise the Lord. God is Love and Noth-
ing Else."

CALCUTTA, INDIA, Feb. 15, 1886.

(Address Auckland, New Zealand, care
of Postmaster)

DEAR INTERIOR.—This is the city of
Asia. There is none like it in the Orient.
I can not write the crowd of "moving mem-
ories" that have come trooping back as I
once more have traversed the familiar spots
in this re-visit of the scene of my first
landing in India in 1855. The longer I
stay, the more vividly things return to
memory. At first, many things looked
strange, and I surely thought I had not
seen them before. But one after another
the dormant associations revived, and then,
they were as old friends restored; not new
ones made.

We reached the Capital in 18 hours from
Bombay. The Indian railway carriage is
not generic. The "31 class" I have already
had occasion to describe. A car, with six
pens, divided by coarse, upright wires—or
small iron rods rather—with ten in each
pew. Hard, uncomfortable, but so very
cheap! Fancy riding on a railway for
about 1/2 of a cent a mile or a mere fraction
over. From Stanford to Louisville for
75 cents. That is 31 class travel in India.
The 2nd class is more than double this, and
the 1st is double the 2d.

The better cars (1st and 2d) are substan-
tially of the same build—upholstering
making the difference as in England.

But the arrangement of the inside is
unique in both, and something which, as it
is peculiarly adapted to this hot climate,
one will find nowhere else but in India.
The compartments of a carriage are only
two in number. Each compartment has
three settees, running "fore and aft"—two
against the window walls, and one in the
centre. These are nicely cushioned and
about 7 feet long. The compartment is
about 10 long by 7 wide.

The door opens in every way. They are at
each side, as in England.

Two swiveling shelves for the 4th and 5th
sleepers, ingeniously hung and very easily
manipulated, when wanted, are suspended
above the side settees. A wash room, too,
with unlimited water, and roomy racks—
above the central doors going into the bath
room and second compartment respectively—
complete the furniture.

Five can sleep most comfortably. No
comparison in point of luxury and abun-
dant space between our stuffy sleeping cars
—with 20 or 30 people in various stages of
somnolence (including the inevitable snor-
er, whose trumpet is ever sounding the
charge and keeping the rest awake)—and
this greatly better—though perhaps not so
economical arrangement, for the company.
Happily the railways here belong to the
Government, and there are no fortunes to
be made in the stock; so passengers get all
the comfort of it.

At Calcutta we found our good brother
Cooke—whom we had known at Lucknow
and who has recently moved to C.—wait-
ing for us. This dear brother, moved by
the LOVE of the LORD, had taken the
trouble to engage excellent and cheap
lodgings for us, and met us at the train at
the early hour of 6, to show us to them.
The LORD reward him for his kindness.
He is the chief figure, as "faithful helper,"
in the Calcutta meeting. He got us a
chapel, by moving upon the pastor with all
his personal influence, and bestirred him-
self and everybody else, generally, that
we might have a fair hearing. Bro J. E.
Cooke is a man I want all my friends to
know as a dear, faithful friend of the
"Troupe."

Honrah—across the river from Calcutta
—is the terminus of the railway and per-
haps will always remain such. The cost of
a railway bridge to span this treacherous
Hoogly, would be something too appalling
to contemplate—convenient as it would be.
Freight and passengers cross over on a
bridge built lasting, half permanent, of pe-
culiar construction, but the only one prac-
ticable for the Hoogly.

As is well known, this imperial city is
100 miles from the sea and the Hoogly is
one of the many mouths of the mighty
Ganges—which indeed has a delta as broad
or broader than the Mississippi. I think
the Hoogly, from its size, depth and pro-
digious discharge of water, must be the
best river, and ought to bear the name of
the stream above. But it doesn't, and a
comparatively insignificant mouth far east-
ward, bears the august title of Ganges that
in no wise belongs to it.

The river here could float the navies of
the world upon its mighty tide.

I was amazed at one thing. I found
doubtless—rebellious—the number of sailing ships
lying in the river, that were there in the
penny days of "American Clippers," 30
years ago. Nearly all now fly the "Union
Jack." "Britannia rules the waves." I con-
fess I was astonished at this display of ex-
cess—I thought steam had so far superseded
sails that I should miss the forest of masts
on the contrary for a mile and a half they
line the wharves, three to five deep, and
the tressery of the innumerable ropes, the
blocks and tackle, the tapering, graceful,
stately masts, the yards, beautifully trim-
med and the flying pennants, all bright in
sharp relief against a mellow evening sky,
constituted a sight one never wears of
looking at. It is a "thing of beauty and a
joy to the eye."

I should be sorry ever to see sails go out.
"Sailors" would vanish with them. The
world can ill afford to exchange the "jolly
tar" for a lot of steamer stokers.

A stroll through the "Old China Bazar"
revived the memory of my youth, when I
saw how

"Men might come and men might go
But it went on forever."

The din of trade, the amazing stocks of
goods; the little dens where such wealth
was caked away; the importunate Benga-
lee, taking no denial till you buy something;
the wondrous bargain one picks up; the
merciless hectoring of a "green" customer;
and the crowd of buyers slapping the
street from end to end, all brought back
so vividly what had astonished me 30 years
before. It is difficult to realize that for
that 30 and twice that 30 before, the same
identical transactions have been ceaselessly
going on. "Old China Bazar" is one of the
"features" of Calcutta. I doubt if its peer
as a general mart, exists on the planet. Yet
it is a tortuous, narrow street, with scant
room for two carriages to pass, and no pre-
tensions, whatever, to a decent looking
house from one end to the other. But the
wealth of a kingdom is squeezed into the
narrow compass of this single dirty street.

The "Bengalee" is a native like no other
in India. He goes bare headed, in the first
place, with hair tolerably close cut, but
black as jet and glistening with oil. He is
strikingly handsome in face and symmet-
rical in shape. In no country in the world
will you find men so uniformly comely in
person and countenance. His color—the
prevailing one—is a soft "bright mulatto,"
as we would characterize it in America;
a most pleasing shade when so many are
black and so many have muddy complex-
ions. The Bengalee is the prince of clerks
—industrious, obedient and remarkably
intelligent. The wheels of Government
would simply refuse to turn without him.
He thrives for knowledge. His industry in
acquiring it is unflagging. Where competi-
tion is possible, the Bengalee "goes in to
win," against all comers. Some of the
finest lawyers in India; some of the most
eloquent speakers, in this or any other
country, are Bengalees. One of them, who
stood for Parliament, but was beaten at the
last election in England, is as graceful and
polished an orator, perhaps, as one can find
anywhere.

[CONTINUED NEXT ISSUE]

The fact is that the boycott is foreign to
American principles. It strikes at the
foundations of personal liberty. It brings
in a system of tyranny which, if it were
undertaken in the name of organized cap-
ital, would go far to provoke revolution. It
introduces a species of dictation against
which every instinct of independence and
fair play revolts. Avowedly and ostenta-
tiously it strikes at the unoffending in or-
der that it may bring the offending to
terms; and it does not scruple to parasitize
the prosperity of entire communities to set-
tle the quarrel or satisfy the spite of one
man. We do not believe that even great
emergencies would justify the use of the
boycott before the common sense of the
American people. Still less can be just-
ified when it is used right and left on trivial
occasions and for petty reasons and mul-
plied to such an extent that those even
who are disposed to execute it find it diffi-
cult or impossible to remember its applica-
tions.—[Boston Journal.]

Nety Sexton, a blooming girl of 20, was
jailed at Franklin for carrying a pistol.
The girl had been living with Mrs. Dawson
and in a quarrel with the old lady drew a
pistol on her, and the latter caused her ar-
rest. Beverly Boyd, a son of the old lady,
employed counsel to defend the girl and
Tuesday the indictment was dismissed on
demurrer and young Boyd, procured a li-
cense and married the accused on the spot.
The next day he was arrested and sent to
jail for 50 days for whipping his mother.—
[South Kentuckian.]

Here is a warning that dead beats should
ponder over: "A newspaper in Illinois
recently brought suit against 43 men who
would not pay their subscription, and ob-
tained judgment in each case for the full
amount of the claim. Of these 28 made
affidavit that they owned no more property
than the law allowed them thus preventing
tween such fellows as you and me, judge, he
do dandle terrible surprise!"—he does, for
a fact."—[Arkansas Traveler.]

We will support any good man for Gov-
ernor of Kentucky who will take a solemn
oath not to remit a single fine assessed by
any judge or jury in a criminal action. If
we can not get such a governor we favor the
abolishment of the courts, in order to save
the judges' salaries and the payment of ju-
rors. There must be some reform to put
money into the State treasury.—[Owen
News.]

In the Smithsonian Institute at Wash-
ington is the small nugget of gold, a little
larger than a pea, that first met the eyes of
John Marshall in the sawmill raceway at
Sacramento, and was the beginning of those
discoveries in California that have added
nearly \$1,500,000,000 in gold to the world's
stock of the precious metals.

Capt. Smith Cook, the tallest native born
American in the United States, after spend-
ing several days with his mother, near
Bagdad, left Friday for New York, where
he is now engaged with Barnum's show.
He is said to be 7 feet 8 1/2 inches high. He
was born in Shelby county, and is 27 years
old.

IT BEATS AUCTION PRICES.

Everything is away down at

POWERS' DRY GOODS STORE

THE PRETTIEST AND BEST CALICOES

Ever brought to town at 5 cents per yard; Comfort Calicoes 3c, in good, dark styles.
15c Worsteds 10c.

CHEAP COUNTER!

Almost everything that was 10c and 15c before the auction is now on this counter at 5c.
This includes Ladies', Men's and Children's Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Fine Linen
Collars for Men and Boys and Ladies' Collars; 3 papers Plus for 5c.

Fifteen Cents' Worth of almost anything for five
cents, and all of next week you
will find it so.

Fine Linen Shirt Bosoms, worth 25c, for 5c. All kinds of fancy things that were 15c to 25c are
now 5 cents.

IT CAN'T LAST FOREVER,

So come within ten days from this date and a dollar will go as far as five dollars originally
would.

Millinery.

I have just returned from the city and I cordi-
ally invite you to call and see my elegant line of
Millinery before buying. I also call attention to
my finely selected stock of Ladies' Underwear
and Notions, Handkerchiefs, Collars, Cuffs and
Corsets of different styles. Ladies' White Em-
broided Dresses. I can be found at my store in
the room lately vacated by the post-office.
MRS. KATE DUDDELL, Stanford, Ky.

Go to W. R. Veatch,

NEAR DEPOT, STANFORD.

For Meal, Flour, Bacon, Lard, Sugar, Coffee, But-
ter, Eggs, Canned Goods, Cheese, Bologna, Maca-
roni, Crackers, Maltines, Jelly, Preserves, Apple
Butter, Nuts, Peas, Potatoes, Beans, Corn, Ham,
Ginger, Tea, Cinnamon, Candies, Molasses, Beans,
Potatoes, Dried Fruit, Pickles, Oranges, Lemons,
Raisins, Tobacco, Cigars, Coal Oil, Soap, Starch,
Bluing, Vinegar—in fact anything usually kept in a
grocery. Goods delivered promptly to all parts of
country. Country produce taken in exchange for
goods. Give me a trial and I will treat you fair.
109-110

BOURNE!

The editor is heart-broken to announce to his
readers that Non D. Pluma, who wrote Dr.
Bourne's tummy advertisements, is dead. The
large monies paid him for writing this column
brought on a swelling of the brain and he died of
too much sweetness.

Dr. Bourne is determined, however, to give his
readers the benefit of this large salary in prices.
Besides selling

Medicines, Fancy Articles, Toilet Goods, Mus-
ic, Merchandise, Spectacles, Instruments,
Jewelry, Dolls, Lamps, Fishing Tackle, Ra-
zors, Spoons, Knives, Taper, Blank Books,
Stales, Ammunition, Dye Stuffs, Glass, Mix-
ed Paints, Brushes, Varnishes—

Everything kept in a first-class Drug store, all of
which is new, fresh and superior, and will turn up
hand a few *hachchors*, and will turn up
any good looking lady who deals with him with
choice of the lot. Watch this column for list of
names, or call at

Bourne's New Drug and Book Store.

Living Witnesses Testify.

Memphis, Tenn., Nov. 11, 1884.
I have tried Bradfield's Female Regulator, and
find it splendid, and all you claim for it.
Respectfully, MATTIE A. LOWE.

Due West, S. C., Nov. 17, 1884.
I have used one bottle of your Female Regulator
and can recommend it to the public as being a spe-
cific for the diseases of women.

Yours truly, HETTER SMITH.

Smithland, Texas, Nov. 14, 1884.
I have been taking your Female Regulator and
think it a great medicine. Have recommended it
to several of my friends, who have used it with
most happy results.

Yours truly, F. M. WHITLEY.

Waverly, Texas, Nov. 11, 1884.
Having used your Female Regulator with great
success, and also the Mother's Friend with the
same result, I send you my thanks and best wish-
es. I think every female should know of this
boon to women, namely: Bradfield's Female Regu-
lator and the Mother's Friend.

Respectfully, MRS. JAMES THOMPSON.

Luton, Ga., Nov. 10, 1884.
I have been using your Female Regulator for some
time with the best of results, and find it to be just
what you claim for it—women's best friend.

Respectfully, MRS. W. L. REAVES.

We are constantly receiving such voluntary tes-
timony.

Send for our Treatise on the Diseases of Women,
unfilled trees. Address

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.
For sale by DR. M. C. BOURNE, Stanford, Ky.

Men Think

they know all about Mustang Lin-
iment. Few do. Not to know is
not to have.

DR. W. B. PENNY,
Dentist,
STANFORD, KY.

Office on Lancaster street, next door to In-
surance Journal office. Office hours from 8 to 12 A.
M. and 1 to 5 P. M. Anesthetics administered when
necessary. [104-114.]

Frank Allison,

CONTRACTOR & BUILDER

STANFORD, KY.

Offers his services to the people of S. and for
vicinity. Long experience and careful attention
guarantee satisfaction. Building material of ev-
ery description furnished at low rates. 53-17.

KENTUCKY CENTRAL R. R.

"Blue-Grass Route."

Shortest and Quickest Route from Cen-
tral Kentucky to all Points North,
East, West and Southwest.

—Fast Line Between—

LEXINGTON & CINCINNATI

Schedule in Effect Oct. 11, 1885.

SOUTH-BOUND.		No. 6.	No. 4.	No. 12.
		Ex. Sun.	Daily	Ex. Sun.
Lvs. Lexington	8 10 a m	8 10 p m	2 00 p m	
" " " "	9 55 a m	9 55 p m	2 35 p m	
" " " "	11 02 a m	10 20 p m	4 37 p m	
Arr. Parkersburg	11 40 a m	11 00 p m	5 15 p m	
" " " "	12 47 p m		6 17 p m	
Lvs. Parkersburg	1 45 a m	11 05 p m	6 23 p m	
Arr. Winchester	12 30 p m	11 40 p m	6 10 p m	
" " " "	2 00 p m		7 25 p m	
" " " "	5 15 a m		8 31 p m	
Arr. Richmond	6 00 p m			
Lvs. Richmond	2 00 p m			
Arr. Berea	3 30 p m			
" " " "	6 00 a m			

Living Witnesses Testify.

NORTH-BOUND.		No. 11.	No. 3.	No. 1.
		Ex. Sun.	Daily	Ex. Sun.
Lvs. Lexington	8 00 a m			
" " " "	10 20 a m			
Arr. Richmond	11 45 a m			
Lvs. Richmond	7 15 a m			
Arr. Lancaster	8 05 a m			
Arr. Richmond	11 00 a m			
Lvs. Richmond	6 15 a m			
Arr. Winchester	7 05 a m			
Arr. Parkersburg	8 15 a m			
Lvs. Lexington	7 25 a m	2 40 p m	4 20 p m	
Lvs. Parkersburg	8 20 a m	3 30 p m	5 20 p m	
" " " "	8 35 a m	3 35 p m	5 35 p m	
" " " "	9 55 a m	4 45 p m	6 37 p m	
Arr. Covington	11 30 a m	6 00 p m	8 45 p m	

HAYSVILLE BRANCH.

NORTH-BOUND.		No. 51.	No. 53.	No. 55.
		Ex. Sun.	Daily	Ex. Sun.
Lvs. Covington	2 00 p m			
" " " "	2 25 a m			
Arr. Lexington	8 20 a m	5 20 p m		
Arr. Millersburg	8 35 a m	5 35 p m		
" " " "	9 05 a m	6 10 p m		
" " " "	10 05 a m	7 07 p m		
Arr. Haysville	10 40 a m	7 50 p m		

SOUTH-BOUND.

		No. 52.	No. 54.	No. 56.
		Ex. Sun.	Daily	Ex. Sun.
Lvs. Haysville	2 45 a m			
" " " "	4 25 a m			
" " " "	4 45 a m	3 25 p m		
" " " "	7 25 a m	4 25 p m		
Arr. Millersburg	8 20 a m	4 40 p m		
Arr. Parkersburg	8 35 a m	5 15 p m		
" " " "	9 10 a m	6 10 p m		
Arr. Lexington	10 20 a m	8 45 p m		

NOTE.—Trains 3 and 4 are daily between Win-
chester, Lexington and Covington; other trains
are daily except Sunday.

Direct route from Lexington to Winchester with
Chesapeake & Ohio for St. Sterling, Ashland,
Huntington, Charleston, W. Va., and Eastern cit-
ies.

Fast Line—Nos. 3 and 4 are daily via Winchester.
Solid Trains, with "Pullman Sleeping Cars" between
Cincinnati and Richmond, Va., and Winchester
and Washington, D. C.

Through tickets and baggage checked to any
destination reached by a railroad.

S. F. H. MOORE, W. H. WHITLEDGE,
Passenger Agents, Trav. Pass. Agent,
Covington, Ky. Lexington, Ky.
C. W. SMITH, General Manager. H. W. FULTON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

"WHICHESTER'S ENGLISH"
is the Original and Only Genuine
and reliable. Beware of cheap imitations.
Prepared in L. O. I. S. and
Cincinnati, England, and sold everywhere.
Beware of cheap imitations.

W. P. WALTON.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Circuit Judge—J. W. ALCOCK.
 "County Judge—T. W. YARRON.
 "Circuit Clerk—J. P. BAILEY.
 "County Clerk—G. B. COOPER.
 "Sheriff—T. D. NAVLAND.
 "County Attorney—D. R. CARPENTER.
 "Assessor—E. D. KENNEDY.
 "Jailer—S. M. OWENS.
 "Superintendent Common Schools—J. A. BOULE.
 "Surveyor—E. B. HOWARD.

The strike on the Missouri Pacific has resulted most disastrously to the Knights of Labor. They are still out but the traffic is approaching its normal condition with new men in the places of those who struck unadvisedly and almost without a grievance. Mr. Hoxie, the general manager, says he will not let the men be out of the street, and is able to handle all the freight he has care for. Mr. Powderly admits that the strike was a most deplorable mistake and should not have been made till every means of adjustment had been tried and failed. The result clearly demonstrates that the knights are not half so all powerful as they imagined themselves to be and the lesson, though costly to them, may after all be of much practical value. Laboring men must have a real grievance and seek to remedy it in a lawful and honorable way before they can arouse that public sympathy in their behalf, so necessary for a successful accomplishment of their demands. This can not be done by bullying, destroying property or resisting the constituted authorities in any, surely not by a resort to blood shed as at Fort Worth.

The "ticket of leave" bill which passed the House would be a most miserable farce upon justice if it becomes a law. It provides that the Board of Directors of the Penitentiary shall have the power to parole prisoners, except those convicted of murder, arson, rape, incest, burglary, or highway robbery, not previously inmates of the prison. Those convicted of murder shall not be allowed to go outside the prison walls until after a service of at least five years of the sentence. Those convicted of arson, burglary or highway robbery shall not be allowed to go outside the walls and the custody of the warden on parole, until after a service of the minimum term provided by law for the offense. Those convicted of rape or incest can not be paroled in any state of case. It will be a beautiful spectacle to have a lot of convicts, after the difficulty and expense attending their conviction, turned loose upon the society they have outraged, but the Legislature seems capable of doing anything, but meeting the convict or any other question in a fair and square manner.

The Mexican Pension bill, which passed the house by such a large majority, gives to every officer, soldier and sailor, who enlisted and served in the war with Mexico for any period during the years from 1845-48 and was honorably discharged, or their surviving widows, the sum of \$8 per month after the passage of this act, during their natural lives. This is a pretty sweeping bill, but we predict that before many years a pension bill will be passed by Congress which will put every mother's son of a soldier, home guard or what not, who made any pretense of serving on the Federal side in the late war, on the bounty of the government. The pension business if kept up threatens to bankrupt the country's credit.

HON. L. F. MANN, of Nicholas, is one of the few members of the Kentucky Legislature who see the body as others see it. He says "every mother's son of 'em—123 in number—must have something to say on every question that comes up—must make a record, you know—and so they spout away, taking up time, and offering amendments until the daddy of a bill actually doesn't know when it becomes a law." Asked as to the best thing they could do for the State finances he said: "Simply direct Auditor Hewitt to draw up a bill, all vote for it, and then go braying home." The latter expression is good, but the asses will not "go braying home" till all the provender is used up at Frankfort.

Gov. KNOTT is getting entirely too handy with the pardon machine. A few days ago, without warrant of justification or right as could be seen at this distance, he pardoned a fellow named Brown, who murdered the marshal of Versailles, and now he forges to the front with a remission of the fine of \$250 each against Prof. DeRoode and son, who made a murderous assault on Editor Oats. If the Governor is wise he will let up on monkeying with the pardoning business.

BROTHER BELL, the sensible editor of the Georgetown Times, makes the pertinent suggestion: "If a gallows and a whipping post were erected in every county in the State, and were used when occasion required it, the cry of an over-crowded penitentiary would soon be hushed, and there would be no ground for complaint on the part of any people that convicts were being brought in to competition with honest labor by being worked in coal mines."

The republican municipal ticket was elected in Cincinnati Tuesday by an average majority of 5,000. The democrats of that city are not as strong as the republicans are in an election contest it is usually dog eat dog and the devil take the hindmost. At other points in the State, notably Columbus, the democrats elected their ticket; by largely increased majorities.

The Lexington Transcript has enlarged and improved and is now a very creditable daily, with a full quota of local news and the Associated Press dispatches.

THE Ohio at Louisville reached nearly 30 feet Wednesday night and then began slowly to recede. It was over 16 feet higher than this in February, 1884. Considerable damage was done and much inconvenience occasioned to dwellers and others along the banks, but nothing of a serious nature occurred. At Cincinnati the water reached 54 feet and five inches. There has been but little loss to property, owing to the timely warning of the expected high water and the prompt precautionary measures adopted by the business men and merchants of the low districts. The Central Passenger Station has been abandoned, and all roads centering there are starting trains from high ground. The back water of the Ohio River completely overflowed the Little Miami bottoms, covering an area of land over two miles wide. The houses were all deserted. In the South the fury of the waters is spent, but there is still great suffering among the poor, to relieve which the House Committee on Appropriations agreed to report favorably a resolution appropriating \$150,000.

SPEAKING of the appointment of a judge to fill the vacancy in the U. S. Court caused by the death of Judge Baxter, the Memphis Avalanche says: "So far as actual representation in the Federal judiciary is considered, Tennessee stands an equal chance. As a Southern State it will enter the lists on an equality with Kentucky. We can scarcely doubt that the appointment will come South, and hence it must come to Tennessee or go to Kentucky." Applicants for the position are numerous and some were announced before the body of the late incumbent was cold. The appointee, who ever he may be, will be the first democrat who ever sat on the bench in the District.

We are decidedly in favor of convict labor on public roads or anywhere else that it can be profitably employed. The idea of taxing honest citizens to support the convicts in ease and idleness because their work will come in contact with some kind of outside labor is the sheerest demagoguery and worthy only of that class of individuals, who think their political lives depend on it and those who pay the taxes are tired of it.

THE Lexington municipal election occurs the 10th and the Louisville Times is engaged with the help of its able lieutenant, Col. Sam Burdett, in the questionable task of trying to elect Mulligan mayor over the regular democratic nominee. The contest promises to rage even fiercer than the usually fierce contests in that city and the prospect is that blood as well as whisky and money will flow freely.

THE Louisville postoffice appointment still hangs fire. Senator Beck has espoused the cause of Mrs. Thompson, while Blackburn has determined to fight her from the word go. Every other man in the Yalla City is an applicant for the position, including brother Munnell, who is endorsed by leading citizens in Ohio, Indiana and Shippingport.

A NEW YORK paper poked fun at the weather thusly: Yesterday was a beautiful April day, full of the gracious breath and balmy softness of this model month. The birds sang sweetly in the aviaries and the barber shops. The flowers huddled shyly in the conservatories. The snow-drops were particularly luxuriant.

It is announced on high authority that Judge William Lindsay, of Frankfort, will be appointed to succeed the late Judge Baxter, of the United States Circuit Court for the Sixth Judicial district. The Judge is an able jurist and his appointment would be received with general satisfaction.

THE Mason & Ford Company have employed Hon. Theodore Hallam, of Covington, to see that they are not convicted on ex parte evidence of brutality to convicts, and he is more than a match for any of the men, who would convict men unheard.

A BILLY rumor was about here yesterday that the Knights of Labor at East St. Louis had attacked Manager Hoxie and his men, killing him and 200 of them. There was some trouble there, but nothing to warrant this exaggerated statement.

The address of the Knights of Labor, which is so spitefully denunciatory of Jay Gould, is not calculated to help their cause as much as a calm and dispassionate statement of their wrongs and grievances, if they have any.

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

—The House has passed a bill striking coal mines from the convict labor law, but not to interfere with existing contracts.
 —That is indeed an unfortunate county in Kentucky that can not boast the possession of a County Court of Claims with more brains and more capacity for transacting business than the State Legislature.
 —[South Kentuckian.]

—The House passed a bill which takes from all normal schools in the State the right to issue diplomas on which graduates may teach without securing a certificate from the State. This places all normal schools on an equality.

—Mr. Babbitt, as Bobbitt's name almost always appears in the daily papers, offered a bill allowing justices of the peace who reside at least five miles from the county seat, three cents per mile when attending the Court of Levy and Claims.

—The incompetency and general "cussedness" of the present Legislature has made republican success possible in several close counties, and in many instances they will make a determined fight next August. This may be a good thing for the democracy, after all. A vigorous effort on the part of the republicans might act as an incentive to the democrats to put up their best men for offices. —[Winchester Democrat.]

—Logan's bill to increase the standing army to 30,000 was defeated 19 to 31.

NOTES OF CURRENT EVENTS.

—J. C. B. Walker, a prominent distiller of Anderson county, is dead.

—At Detroit, Mich., 14 inches of snow covered the ground Wednesday.

—William Best, a K. C. brakeman, was struck by a beam of a bridge and fatally injured.

—Miss Mollie Crambaugh was defeated for superintendent of common schools in Lyon county.

—A bill to reduce letter postage to 14 cents and postal cards to a half cent has been offered in Congress.

—More than 9,000 bills have already been introduced in the 49th Congress, 7,200 of which were in the House.

—The President has nominated Judge Caleb W. West, of Cynthia, to succeed Gen. Eli H. Murray as Governor of Utah Territory.

—The House Committee on Coinage, Weights and Measures agreed to report favorably a bill to establish a sub-treasury at Louisville.

—The Monmouth Boy, a small Ohio craft, capsized near Owensboro. Three of its passengers were drowned and the rest escaped with difficulty.

—The negotiations for peace have not yet been consummated by the Transcontinental lines, and the cheap rates to the Pacific coast continue.

—The bill granting a pension to the surviving soldiers of the Mexican war passed the House by a vote of 158 to 68, under a suspension of the rules.

—Maj. Jerome S. Ridley, of Elkton, Todd county, died in Washington, where he was employed as clerk of the House Committee on Private Land Claims.

—Thomas A. Thatcher, Professor of Latin and Literature in Yale College, was found dead in bed at New Haven Wednesday. He was in his 72d year.

—There are 15,743 miners in Ohio and their output for 12 months was 7,816,179 tons of coal. During the time there were 51 accidents, causing 32 deaths.

—The Senate Committee on Postoffices and Post roads has ordered an adverse report upon Senator Wilson's bill doubling the postage on fourth-class matter.

—At a log rolling and brush grubbing in Pulaski at the home of a man named Rose, a drunken row ensued, during which Ben Wilson was shot through the heart.

—Old Uncle Nathan Jones, of Knox county, aged over seventy years, for the first time in his life saw a railroad train here last Monday. —[London Leader.]

—A passenger train on the Fitchburg railroad in Massachusetts jumped down a precipice 200 feet high, killing many passengers and mangling numbers of others.

—Squire Spalding and Spence Gartin quarreled in Marion, when the former silenced his adversary forever by a lick on the back of the head with an ax. Both negroes.

—Lacrosse, Wis., suffered a million dollar loss by a fiery visitation Tuesday afternoon. Ten blocks were burned and four hundred people are left homeless, many of them destitute.

—Fifty-two Kentucky counties report the wheat acreage at 73 and condition 92 per cent. Commissioner Davis thinks the decrease in acreage not so great as indicated by the figures.

—James Farris and a negro named Steve Richardson engaged in a friendly wrestle in Bourbon county and because the negro got the best of him, Farris procured a shotgun and killed him. It seems to be a plain case of murder.

—Dr. Brinton H. Warner, of Baltimore, died of hydrophobia. A small lap dog had been run over by a bicycle in the streets, and picking it up with a view of relieving its sufferings, Dr. Warner was bitten with the above result.

—The boycott is a curse to labor and capital alike. The boycott represents brute force, and brute force never won a permanent victory in the history of the world. Its triumphs have been as disastrous as failures. —[Owensboro Messenger.]

—The strikers at East St. Louis took matters into their own hands Wednesday, and by force of numbers prevented the employees of the different railroads there from performing any labor. Some soldiers with repeating rifles and Gatling guns are needed there.

—The Louisville Opera Festival will begin Wednesday, June 9, and close on the Saturday evening following. The operas in their order are "Orpheus and Eurydice," "Lakme," "Lohengrin," "Merry Wives of Windsor" (matinee), and "The Flying Dutchman."

—The Bourbon News says it is not equity and justice that the striking Knights want. They want \$28 per week and work about half the time. They want all the luxuries of life and to deny themselves of nothing. No, they do not want justice; but they need it all the same—a good term in the penitentiary.

MT. VERNON DEPARTMENT.

Managed by Jno. B. Fish.

—M. P. Newcomb has put a new lamp in front of his hotel. Others ought to follow the example.

—The negro, Henry Taylor, who was drowned in Roundstone about 3 weeks ago, has not been found yet.

—We hear complaint on every hand about the weather, and farmers say they will get very much behind with their work.

—A difficulty occurred in the Glades, Sunday evening, between Gillis Craig and Jerome Adams, the latter cutting Craig in the face and neck with a knife, inflicting an ugly wound. Both were drunk, so it is easy to guess the cause of the row.

—Nash Adams, a negro, was lodged in jail for attempting to rape a 14-year-old daughter of Roli Riddle. He had his examining trial Tuesday and was held over in a bond of \$250 for his appearance at Circuit Court. Having failed to give the required bond he was again put in jail.

—One of the most disorderly and drunken crowds we have had for years, was in town Monday. Ladies were afraid to pass along the streets. I suppose we will not have this much longer, our town is incorporated now, trustees and officers appointed and as soon as we get the charter, which will be in a few days, all the lawlessness will be stopped. The trustees are: J. E. Vowels, George Baker, S. W. Parrie, M. P. Newcomb and E. Nicholson. The officers are: Police Judge, Henry C. Gentry; Marshal, James Croucher.

—Dr. T. L. Daniels has returned from New Interest, West Virginia, where he had been called to the bedside of his father and mother, who were very sick. They were much better when he left them. Mr. and Mrs. Van Nys were the guests Dr. and Mrs. Lovell Tuesday. J. R. Cook is at home from Louisville, where he has been attending a law school. B. E. Thompson and wife are here on a visit to Mrs. M. C. Bragg, Mrs. Thompson's mother. We are glad to see them any time. Miss Portwood, of Danville, came yesterday to visit her grandfather and grandmother, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Allen. Mr. A. has been very unwell for about two weeks.

GARRARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT.

Lancaster.

—Miss Burdett Leicher, a Henderson belle, is the guest of Mrs. W. B. Mason.

—Miss Minnie, the little daughter of Mr. Geo. W. Battie, is seriously ill of pneumonia.

—The citizens of Buckeye, this county, are excited over the appearance of a wild animal—presumably a bear.

—Carter Bennett, a citizen of Madison county with very cranky notions, came in Tuesday night for the avowed purpose of painting the town carmine. He began by breaking a couple of street lamps on the public square, but was caught in the act and jailed unceremoniously. At his trial Wednesday morning he was given 200 days in the work-house, where he now lingers in our midst.

—Mr. G. T. McRoberts, Jr., of Lincoln, was married Wednesday to Miss Mattie E. Smith, of this county. The ceremony took place at the residence of the bride's parents and was performed by Eld. Joseph Ballou. The attendants were C. C. McRoberts and Miss Sallie Logan; W. H. Traylor and Miss Sallie Smith. A reception was given in the evening by the groom's brother-in-law, Mr. Josh Dunn, near Bryantville.

—Col. B. M. Burdett and Mr. John Stormes, the Advocate correspondent, are carding the State press about a bill to vote a school tax for this county. They appear, however, to have wandered from the original subject under discussion and are flinging dirt right and left. Should these two bodies come to gether in mortal combat the INTERIOR JOURNAL pencil-pusher, who is perfectly neutral about the matter, will let the readers of the best county paper extant know all about it.

DANVILLE, BOYLE COUNTY.

—Rev. O. A. Bartholomew, late of Philadelphia, the new pastor of the Christian church, arrived on Saturday and preached Sunday morning and night, making a very favorable impression on all who heard him. Mrs. Bartholomew will be here in a few days, having stopped to visit friends in Ohio.

—Owing to the ill health of Mr. Frank Gilcher he and his brother, Peter Gilcher would rent out their hotel here to some experienced man who would keep up the reputation of the house. If an arrangement of this sort is made Mr. Frank would spend a year in Europe.

Judge Reagan, of Texas, says of the Labor and Educational bill: "There seems to be nothing left of the Constitution except the preamble and protection clause. I was never more humiliated than when the vote was taken on the Educational bill, and wished that I were a private citizen at home instead of being here. I feel that the South has lost all its respect for the Constitution and sacrificed every principle for which it has fought. The passage of the Educational bill by a vote from the Southern members will and should brand every one of them as a money hunter and not the respecter of the Constitution as it has been taught."

THE Chicago Herald says: "It so happens that the two men who have had sufficient courage to introduce bills for the repeal of the Pendleton law are democrats but the men in Congress who have ridiculed the entire reform proposition, who have pronounced it unmanly and nonsensical, and who have with vehement language expressed a preference for the good old spoils system, are republicans."

If the Legislature has no objection, we have about fifty acres of fine marsh land out here a piece, which we would like very much to incorporate as a new county. No name has been decided on but you may call it Billreeds, Bartjinskis, Bolyler, Sambrudett, Samannn, Jimwinn, Speakeroffutt, Damsno—anything you please so you fix it up as a new county. —[Frankfort Capital.]

—There is a possibility that the situation on the Gould roads will be further complicated by a strike on the part of the engineers, but if they are sensible they will let well enough alone.

—One of the ladies who was so deeply shocked at the reading of "Oatler Joe" at Mrs. Whitney's reception, exhibited, as she indignantly left the room, a mole two inches below her shoulder blades. —[Merchant Traveler.]

—Prof. A. D. Scobey settled a sensational suit in a court at Lebanon, Tenn., by marrying the young lady, Miss Bettie McDaniel. After the ceremony the party went home with the father of the bride who attempted to kill the Professor last Tuesday.

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